

Primary BPH stromal cell culture and prostatic epithelial 3D culture

1. Primary prostate tissue specimens obtained from surgeries are stored in RPMI 1640 medium at 4 °C (recipe below).
2. Wash prostate tissue specimens with 3 ml ice cold PBS 3 times.
3. Mince tissues (into ~2 mm pieces) in a sterile 6 cm dish using sterile scissors. Transfer up to 10 pieces using sterile tweezers into a 1.5 ml Eppendorf tube.
4. Minced tissue specimens (1-2 mg) are digested by 1 hr incubation at 37 °C in 1 ml of 2.4 U/ml Dispase II (Cat # 04942078001, Roche Applied Science, Indianapolis, IN) in RPMI-1640 media on a rocker.
5. Centrifuge minced tissue suspension at 180 x g for 5 mins.
6. Aspirate the supernatant and resuspend cell pellet in 1 ml of 50/50 DMEM/F12 (recipe below).
7. Add 4 ml 50/50 DMEM/F12 to a 6 cm culture dish. Add 1 ml of cell suspension with gentle mixing via repeated pipetting. Total volume is 5 ml.
8. Incubate plated cells at 37 °C, 5% CO₂ for 5 days without disturbing. Add 2 ml of fresh medium on top of medium to avoid evaporation on the 5th day. Stromal cell proliferation should be evident by day 7.
9. When stromal cells reach 95% confluence, cells are serially passaged using trypsin:EDTA (0.25% :0.53 mM) solution, then neutralized with 50/50 DMEM/F12. Spin down cells and remove the supernatant from the pellet. Cells are then resuspended with 50/50 DMEM/F12 and split 1:3. Aliquots can be stored at -80 °C as passage 1 (freezing medium is 10% DMSO in 50/50 DMEM/F12) or reserved for subsequent experiments.
10. Primary cells are used in experiments from passage 1-15.

Stromal conditioned medium

1. Seed primary stromal cells (200,000 cells) into 6 cm culture dishes with 5 ml of 50/50 DMEM/F12 and culture to 100% confluence (~ 2 days).
2. Collect conditioned medium (CM) by aspirating from the culture dish into a 15 ml falcon tube and replace with fresh medium (5 ml).
3. Centrifuge the stromal CM at 180 x g for 5 min to remove cellular debris and collect the supernatant. Store the CM at -20 °C.

3D Matrigel culture of prostatic epithelial cells

1. Seed prostate epithelial cells (300,000 cells) (i.e., BPH-1 cultured in RPMI 1640 or BHPRE1 cultured in 50/50 DMEM/F12) into 6 cm plates until 80% confluent.
2. Warm a sterile 24-well plate at 37 °C for 15 mins.
3. Trypsinize epithelial cells with trypsin:EDTA (0.25%:0.53 mM) and neutralize with 50/50 DMEM/F12. Spin down cells and remove the supernatant from the cell pellet. Add 5 ml of DMEM/F12 and determine the number of cells. Based on the total number of cells to be used in 3D culture (i.e., 2,520 cells/well), transfer the proper volume of the cell suspension to a sterile tube. Spin down the cells and remove the supernatant from the pellet. Resuspend cells in Matrigel at a concentration of 63 cells/1 µl of Matrigel. Avoid generating bubbles in the Matrigel.
4. Carefully seed 40 µl of cell:Matrigel suspension in the center of each well in the 24-well plate.
5. Cover the plate and place it upside down in a 37 °C incubator for 15 mins to allow cell:Matrigel suspension to solidify.

6. Carefully add 500 μ l stromal CM (see above) to each well. Add the CM along the edge of the well wall to avoid disturbing the Matrigel. Then, add an additional 500 μ l fresh medium to each well. Culture the epithelial cells without disturbing for 2 days at 37 °C.
7. Remove media from plate and replace with a fresh mixture of 500 μ l CM and 500 μ l medium every 2 days.

RPMI 1640 medium

RPMI 1640 medium
1% L- Glutamine
1% Penicillin-Streptomycin
10% FBS

50/50 DMEM/F12

50/50 Dulbecco's modified Eagles medium (DMEM)/F12
1 μ g/ml insulin-transferrin-selenium-X
0.4% bovine pituitary extract
3 ng/ml epidermal growth factor
1% L- Glutamine
1% Penicillin-Streptomycin
5% FBS